Industrial Symbiosis in Practice: View from the industry Christian Leroy, Head of Innovation Hub 14 Oct 2021 - CORALIS on-line dissemination event



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| | 600 | |
|---------|-----|--------|
| approx. | 000 | plants |

in 30 European countries (EU, EFTA, UK, Turkey, BiH)



and indirect jobs across Europe's value chain

Transport

Packaging

Engineering

Consumer durables

Building

€40

Billion annual turnover [2018]

90%

of aluminium is recycled in construction and automotive in Europe

Europe produces

of worldwide primary aluminium [2020]

51%

of European production comes from recycled sources [2020]

Founded in **1981**

85+

members

European Aluminium represents the entire value chain of the aluminium industry in Europe An innovative value chain serving EU key markets (end uses for 2020)



For external use

1 / Overview of the aluminium industry in Europe

Aluminium industry in Europe: more than 600 plants covering the entire aluminium value chain





EUROPEAN ALUMINIUM / 3

2 / Innovation Hub - Key rationale

Fully Decarbonise and circularise the aluminium in the value chain is a must!

This implies:

- The transformation of the aluminium sector
- A strong collaboration between players along the value chain and with other sectors, e.g. energy sector, scrap collectors/dealers, etc.
- Collaborative platforms as enablers





2 / « Innovation Hub » : main objectives

- Build a proactive community of innovative companies across the value chain.

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- Connect with the EU innovation agenda
- Track relevant funding opportunities
 - Be the aluminium voice for innovation
 - Engage with the PPPs
 - Contribute to the EU's research agenda & priorities

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 Trigger research projects that advance a sustainable future & tackle technological challenges

2 / 15 companies and 2 Market Groups engaged in 2021





3.A / CORALIS



<u>CORALIS</u>- Creation Of new value chain Relations through novel Approaches facilitating Long-term **Industrial Symbiosis** . <u>Duration</u>: 4 years. Submitted under <u>CE-SPIRE-01-2020</u> call.

<u>Project budget</u> : 22,8M€, with 18 M€ EU funding

<u>Coordinator:</u> CIRCE, 29 partners (5 RTD, 2 universities, 4 SMEs, 15 large companies, including Raffmetal, and 3 associations). <u>Role of Innovation Hub:</u> Transferability and dissemination actions, including the organisation of 2 thematic workshops.



Started in Oct 2020



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EUROPEAN ALUMINIUM / 9

For external use

3.A / CORALIS - Industrial symbiosis case - aluminium

Objective:

Turning metal oxides from the aluminium recycling value chain into resource for the steel sector





3.B / RemovAL - First Flag-ship project Started in May 2018

First Horizon 2020 project facilitated by the Innovation Hub

- Main objective:
 - Deliver and validate a feasibility study for valorising Bauxite Residue along with other industrial by-products, e.g. Spent Pot Linings (SPL),
 - Develop 6 innovative pilot plants across Europe
- 4 years project (2018-2021) with 11,5 M€ EU funding
- Coordinator: Mytilineos S.A., Metallurgy business Unit
- 26 partners including European Aluminium, Rio Tinto, Alum, and International Aluminium Institute.
- Cross sectoral project including the construction industry, especially cement industry

Removing the waste streams from the primary Aluminum production in Europe



3.B / Policy Brief document

Objective: outlining the current state of Bauxite Residue production and handling in Europe and highlighting the legislative challenges faced in its valorization

Development core group: Mytilineos, Aughinish, International Aluminium Institute, Green2Sustain & European Aluminium

Commented by the Alumina stakeholder group:

- RemovAL partners: Mytilineos, Rio Tinto, Aughinish, Alum, International Aluminium Institute and European Aluminium
- Other stakeholders: Alteo (FR Gardanne), Aluminium Oxid Stade GmbH (DE) & ETI Aluminyum (Seydisehir -Turkey)

Free access:

https://<u>www.removal-project.com/wp-</u> content/uploads/2020/03/removAL-Policy-Brief-Mar-2020.pdf



Bauxite Residue (BR) produced by Alumina refineries in Europe



Scope of Document:

The present document was drafted under the RemovAl H2020 research project by Efflymios Balomenos (Mytilineos S.A.), Stephan Beaulieu (Aughinish Alumina), Ken Evans, Christian Leroy (European Aluminium), Diego Rosani, George Tentes (Green/Sustain), Eva Tormo (European Aluminium).

he purpose is to outline the current state of Bauxite Residue production and handhing in Europe and highlight the legislative challenges faced in its recycling. The authors thankfully acknowledge the contributions of Illev Sorini (ALUM), Ameli Boullemank (RO Trinto), David Cocharne (South 32), Benoit Cristal (Rusal) and Gökhan Kürşat Demir (ETI ALUMINYUM) and Hydro Alunoite in reviewing and editing the document.

At this stage it is intended as a draft technical document without consideration of legal issues.



Disclaime: The research leading to these results has been performed within the REMOVAL project and received funding from the European Community's Horton. 2020 Yougamme (H2020/2014-2020) under game agreement n° 77644/h The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein dio not encouscient y Relat the deficient where of the European Commission.

/ Use of Bauxite Residue in European Cement industry

- Filtered Bauxite Residue as filter cake with low soda content can be used by cement plants
- Cement plants can use Bauxite Residue (BR) in the range of 1,5-3%w as clinker raw material
- <u>But</u> only **2-3% of the BR European production** is used by the cement sector, i.e. 110kt/year are used by 2 Greek and one Cyprian cement plants on a total of about 6 Mt of BR/year
- The Waste status of Bauxite Residue hinders such use



Figure 8: Left: Transportation and storage of Filtered bauxite residue as filter cake at storage site in Mytilineos, Right: Loading on a ship for use in a cement plant.

/ Key challenges to get an Industrial symbiosis business case

- Producer of the stream
 - Environmental benefits to transfer the stream to another sector/industry, e.g. avoiding landfilling or disposal costs
 - Limited processing in order to convert the stream directly usable by the other sector
 - Economic incentives to process the stream, e.g. by selling the stream to the user or by avoiding disposal cost.
- User of the stream
 - Direct interest to use of the stream which substitutes some primary materials
 - Positive economic balance of using this stream vs. primary/alternative material
 - Stability in term of supply, quality , composition, etc.
- Legislative framework, i.e. Waste status vs. EoW /by-product
 - Getting a EoW or by-product status for the targeted stream is essential
 - Getting acceptance/harmonisation of such status across MS is also essential
 - JRC will work soon on harmonised criteria for some priority streams

An adequate & harmonised legislative framework is a pre-requisite for promoting industrial symbiosis where burdens and benefits are well-balanced between the producer and the user of the stream